

### **BANKURA UNIVERSITY**

### **SOCIOLOGY (HONS.) SYLLABUS (CBCS)**

## Core -1

### Introduction to sociology-I

- Emergence of sociology: Role of enlightenment; Romantic conservative reaction; industrial revolution and French revolution.
  10 classes.
- 2) Thinking sociologically: Scope and distinctiveness of sociology; Plurality of sociological perspective: Functionalism, Interpretative sociology, Conflict perspective, Feminist Perspective; sociology and common sense; sociological imagination; sociology as a science; micro and macro sociology; practical utility of sociology. 10 classes.
- 3) Sociology and other social sciences: sociology and social anthropology; sociology and history; sociology and political science; sociology and psychology.10 classes.
- 4) Fundamental concepts of sociology: society, culture, group, institution, association-types & characteristics, concept of role and status, social structure. 12 classes.
- 5) Individual and society: socialization, meaning, types and agencies. Social processes-associative and dissociative. 8classes.

- 1) Zeitlin, Irving, M.1968: Ideology and the development of sociological theory, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 2) Ritzer George, 1996: sociological theory (4<sup>th</sup> edition) McGraw Hill.
- 3) Mac Iver& Page, 1950: society an Introductory Analysis, MacMillan India.
- 4) Beteille Andre, 2002: Sociology, Essays on Approach & Method, Oxford India.
- 5) Anthony Giddens, 2013: Sociology (7<sup>th</sup> edition) Polity.
- 6) Macionis John, 2006: sociology, pearson.
- 7) Rawat, H.K., 2007, sociology Basic Concept.-Rawat Pub.

8) Swingewood Alan, 1991, A short history of sociological thought (2<sup>nd</sup> edition), Mac Millan.

# Core-2,

### **Sociological Thinkers-1**

- 1. Social Contract Theory: Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau.
- 2. The Sociological Core of Montesquieu's thought; Saint Simon's concept of Industrial Society. G.Vico's concept of History.
- 3. August Comte: Theroy of Evolution and Progress; The Subject Matter and Tasks of Sociology, Social Statics and Dynamics; Methodology; Theroy of Morality, Contributions.
- 4. Herbert Spencer: Growth, Structure and Differentiation, Social Types: Militant and Industrial Societies, Evolution-unilinear or multilinear? Functionalism, Individualism versus Organicism, Non-Intervention and Survival of the Fittest, Obstacles to Objectivity.
- 5. Karl Marx: Approaches to the study of Society, Alienation, Religion, Historical and Dialectical Materialism, Critique of Capitalism, Class Struggle, Revolution, Socialism.

#### **Referencess:**

Abraham, Francis and Morgan, John. 1985. Sociological Thought from Comte to Sorokin. Macmilan India Ltd.

Allan, Kenneth. 2013. The Social Lens: An Invention to Social and Sociological Theory (Part I: Modernity and the Sociological Response) Third Edition, Sage.

Aron, Raymond. 1986. Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. I. Penguin Books, Harmondsworth, Middlesex.

Bottomore, Tom and Goode, Patrick.1983. Readings in Marxist Sociology, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

Coser, Lewis A. 1977. Masters of Sociological Thought: Ideas in Social and Historical Context, Second Edition. New York. Harcourt Brace Jovanovitch.

Giddens, Anthony. 1971. Capitalism and Modern Social Theory. Cambridge University Press.

Kon, Igor S. 1989. A History of Classical Sociology, Trans. M. Campbell Creighton, Progress Publisherss, Moscow.

Ritzer, George. 1996. Classical Sociological Theory, McGraw-Hill.

Rochar, Guy. 1990. General Introduction to Sociology. Academic Publisherss: Calcutta.

## Core-3

## **Introduction to soicology-2**

- 1) Family, marriage and kinship: nature, types and changes; divorce and remarriage; alternatives to family and marriage, dark sides of family.
- 2) Education: theories of schooling: Bernstein, Illich, Bourdiew. Gender and education, education and new communications technology.
- 3) Work and Economic life: meaning of work and leisure, technology and work process, Taylorism and Fordism, the transformation of work, work and the family, changing role of ICTS on employment.
- 4) Health, Illness and Disability: sociology of body, sociology of health and illness, the social basis of health, sociology of disability, aging.
- 5) Social change and mass media: concepts and types of social change; factors of social change; role of mass media; theories of mass media; popular culture.

- 1) Anthony Giddens, 2013: Sociology (7<sup>th</sup> edition) Polity.
- 2) Macionis John, 2006: sociology, pearson.
- 3) Haralombos and Holborn, 2000, sociology themes and perspective, Collins.
- 4) Bilton tony and others, 1996, introductory sociology (3<sup>rd</sup>edn.), palgrave.

# Core-4

## **Sociological Thinkers-2**

- Emile Durkheim Division of Labour, Law and Social Change, and Society, Conception of State, Functionalist ExplanationSuicide, Rules of Sociological Method, Sociology of Religion, Individual and Society, Conception of State, Functionalist Explanation.
- 2. George Simmel Formal Sociology, Sociation, Social Types, Dialectical Method, Significance of Numbers for Social Life, Ambivalent view of Modern Culture, Objective and Subjective Culture, Philosophy of Money.
- Max Weber Concept of Sociology and Social Action, Methodology: Ideal Type, Verstehen, Value Relevance, Causality and Probability; Sociology Religion and Capitalism, Class, Status and Power, Types of Authority, Bureaucracy, Rationalization and Disenchantment.
- 4. Vifredo Pareto Logical & Non-logical Action, Residues and Derivations, Types of Non-logical Theories, Subjective Intentions and objective consequences, the Lions and the Foxes, Elites and their circulation, Social Utility of and for collectives.

### **References:**

Abraham, Francis and Morgan, John. 1985. Sociological Thought from Comte to Sorokin. Macmilan India Ltd.

Allan, Kenneth. 2013. The Social Lens: An Invention to Social and Sociological Theory (Part I: Modernity and the Sociological Response) Third Edition, Sage.

Aron, Raymond. 1986. Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. I. Penguin Books, Harmondsworth, Middlesex.

Bottomore, Tom and Goode, Patrick. 1983. Readings in Marxist Sociology, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

Coser, Lewis A. 1977. Masters of Sociological Thought: Ideas in Social and Historical Context, Second Edition. New York. Harcourt Brace Jovanovitch.

Giddens, Anthony. 1971. Capitalism and Modern Social Theory. Cambridge University Press.

Kon, Igor S. 1989. A History of Classical Sociology, Trans. M. Campbell Creighton, Progress Publisherss, Moscow.

Ritzer, George. 1996. Classical Sociological Theory, McGraw-Hill.

Rochar, Guy. 1990. General Introduction to Sociology. Academic Publisherss: Calcutta.

# Core 5

### Sociology of India I

- 1) India: an objective of Knowledge.
  - 1.1 Growth of Sociology and Social anthropology in India.
  - 1.2 Role of colonialism and nationalism.
  - 1.3 Post independence development.
- 2) Indian Society: Concept and institutions.
  - 2.1 Caste: concept and critique.
  - 2.2 Agrarian classes.
  - 2.3 Industry and labour.
  - 2.4 Tribe: Profile and location.
  - 2. Village: structure and change.
  - 2. Kinship: principle and pattern.
  - 2. Religion and society.

- 1) Kaviraj, s. 2010. The Imaginary Institution of India, Ranikhet: Permanent Black.
- 2) Guha, R. 1982. Subaltern studies, vol.1 Delhi: Oxford University. Press.
- 3) Srinivas, M.N. 1969,' The Caste system in India' A. Beteille (ed) Social Inequality: Selected Readings, Harmondsworth: penguin Books.
- 4) Dhanagare, D.N. 1991. 'The Model of Agrarian Classes in India', in D. Gupta (ed.), Social Stratification Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 5) Haimendorf, C.V. F. 1967, 'The Position of Tribal Population in India, in P. Manson India and Ceylon: unity and diversity, New York: Oxford University Press.
- 6) Karve, I., 1994 'The kinship map of India', in P. Uberoi(ed.) Family, Kinship and Marriage in India. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 7) Srinivas M.N. and A.M Shah, 1968, 'Hinduism', In D.L. Sills (ed.) The International Encyclopedia of Social Sciences,vol.6, New York: Mcmillan
- 8) Dhanagare, D.N., Themes and perspectives in Indian Sociology, Rawat Publication.

## CORE-6

## Political and Economic Sociology

- 1) Meaning, nature and scope of political sociology, basic concepts of political sociology: state, government, power, authority, citizenship, elites and political parties, pressure group.
- 2) Types of authority, boureaucracy, political participation and political socialization.
- 3) Types of political rule: monarchy, democracy, authoritarianism.
- 4) Concept of Economic System- Division of labour as a Socio economic system. Forms of Economy: Capitalism and Socialism.
- 5) Some contemporary issues in economic sociology: Development, globalization and the role of MNCs

### **References:**

- 1) Mukhopadhyay Amal Kumar, 1994, Political Sociology, K.P. Bagchi (Cal).
- 2) Weber, Max. 1978, Economy and society: An outline of Interpretative sociology, Berkley: University of California press.
- 3) Mitchell, Timothy. 'Society, Economy and the State Effect', in A. Reader, Oxford: Blackwell.
- 4) Tilly, Charles. 1999, Where Do Rights Come From? in Theda Skocpol (ED) Democracy Revolution and History, Cornell University Press. Bottomore, T.B. 1993, Elites and Society, 2<sup>nd</sup> edi., Routledge.
- 5) Giddens Anthony, 2013 ,Sociologt 7<sup>th</sup> edn.
- 6) Rao Shankar C.N., Sociology: Primary Principles, S.Chand.

## Core 7

### Sociology of gender

- 1) Gendering sociology.
- 2) Gender as a Social Construct: gender, sex, sexuality; production of masculinity and femininity.
- 3) Gender: differences and inequalities: class, caste; family, work.
- 4) Gender, power and resistance: power and subordination; resistance and movements.

- 1) Anthony Giddens, 2013: Sociology (7<sup>th</sup> edition) Polity.
- 2) Macionis John, 2006: sociology, pearson.
- S. Jackson and S. Scott, 2002 gender: A sociological reader, London: Routledge. Introduction.
- 4) Walby, Sylvia. 2002. "Gender, class and stratification: Towards a new approach".
- 5) Haralombos and Holborn, 2000, sociology themes and perspective, Collins.

# Core-8

### Sociology of India 2

- 1) Ideas of India: Sources of diversity and sources of unity.
- 2) Approaches to the study of Indian society: Indological; culturalogical; structural and historical.
- 3) Resistance, mobilizing, change: dalit politics; mobility and change; women's movement; peasant movement; ethnic movement; middle class phenomenon.
- 4) Challenges to civilization, state and society: communalism; secularism; nationalism. References:

- 1) Shah, G. 2001, Dalit Identity and Politics, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- 2) Uberoi, P. et.,al.,2007, 'Introduction: The Professionalization of Indian Anthropology and Sociology: Peoples, Place and Institution' in P. Uberoi et al (eds) Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology and Anthropology, New Delhi: Permanent Black.
- 3) Menton, N. (ed.) 1999. Gender and Politics in India, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 4) Pouchepadass, J,.1980. 'Peasant Classes in Twentieth Century Agrarian Movements in India', in E. Hobsbawn (ed) Peasant in History, Delhi: oxford University Press.
- 5) Kumar, R.1986, The Varieties of Secular Experience', in Essay in the social History of Modern india, Calcutta: Oxford University Press.
- 6) Oommen ,T.K. 1997, Citizenship and National identity: From Colonialism to Globalism. New Delhi: saga Publication.
- 7) Dhanagare, D.N., Themes and perspectives in Indian Sociology, Rawat Publication.

# Core -9

### **Social Stratification**

- 1) Introducing stratification.
- 2) Theories of stratification: Marx, weber and class; Functionalism.
- 3) Identities and inequalities: caste,race and ethnicity; feminism and gendered stratification.
- 4) Mobility and reproduction.

### **References:**

- 1) Anthony Giddens, 2013: Sociology (7<sup>th</sup> edition) Polity.
- 2) John, 2006: sociology, pearson.
- 3) worsley: introducing sociology 2<sup>nd</sup> edi.Harmondsworth: penguin books 1970.
- 4) Beteille Andre. Inequality among men. London: Blackwell,1977.

# **Core 10**

### Sociological researchmethod 1

- 1) The logic of social research: What is sociological research?; types; objectivity in the social sciences; aims of social research; ethical issues in research.
- 2) Concept, constructs, variables and hypotheses in social research.

- 3) Strategies in research: inductive and detuctive.
- 4) Theory and research.
- 5) Various types of research designs.

#### References:

- 1) Barker, T.L. 1990. Doing Social Research. Mcgraw Hill.
- 2) Bryman, A. 2002. Social Research Methods. Oxford University press: New York.
- 3) Goode, G and P.K. Hatt. Methods in Social Research. Mcgraw Hill.
- 4) Ram Ahuja, Research Methods, Rawat pub

# Core 11

### Modern sociological theory 1

- 1) Meaning, nature and scope of sociological theory; philosophical orientations: positivist, hermeneutic and critical.
- 2) Functionalist theory: introduction, anthropological functionalism of Malinowski: functionalism and human needs; functionalist theory of culture; Radcliffe Brown: structure and function in primitive societies; Talcott persons: voluntarist theory of action; social action and its function; Robert Merton: middle range theory; critique of anthropological functionalism.
- 3) Conflict theory and neo Marxism: introduction, Ralf Dahrendorf: role of ICA; social change; difference from Marxism, Lewis Coser: functions of social conflict (conflict functionalism), frankfurt school: notion of critical theory; neo Marxism; cultural industry.
- 4) Symbolic interactionism: introduction, Charles Hurton cooley: looking glass self, George Herbert Mead: self and society; stages of development of Self; view of society.

#### References:

- 1) Ritzer George, 1996: sociological theory (4<sup>th</sup> edition) McGraw Hill.
- 2) Bottomore, Tom. 2002, The Frunkfurt School, London: Routledge.
- 3) Collins, Randall. 1994. Four Sociolological Traditions. New York.OUP.
- 4) Smart, Barry. 2002. Michel Foucault. London: Routledge.
- 5) Turner, Jonathan. 1994. The Structure of sociological theory. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.

# **Core 12**

### Sociological Research method II

- 1) Doing social research: the process of social research.
- 2) Qualitative and quantitative research in Sociology.
- 3) Problem formation and developing research questions.
- 4) Methods of data collection: survey method: sampling; questionnaire and interview; observation: participant and non participant.
- 5) Statistical methods: graphical and diagrammatic presentation of data (bar diagrams, pie diagram, histogram, frequency polygon, smoothed frequency curve and ogives); measures of central tendency (simple arithmetic mean, median and mode).

- 1) Barker, T.L. 1990. Doing Social Research. Mcgraw Hill.
- 2) Bryman, A. 2002. Social Research Methods. Oxford University press: New York.
- 3) Goode, G and P.K. Hatt. Methods in Social Research. Mcgraw Hill.
- 4) Blalock, H.M.Jr.1979. Social Statistics. Mcgraw Hill.
- 5) Elifson, K.W.1990. Fundamentals of Social Statistics. Mcgraw Hill.

# **Core 13**

### **Modern Sociological Theory II**

- 1) Exchange Theory: introduction, George Homans: basic postulates, peter Blau: structure and exchange; power relations in exchange.
- 2) Phenomenology and Ethnomethodology: introduction, Alfred Schutz: inter subjectivity; life world, Harold Garfinkel: ethno methods, notion and types.
- 3) Feminist theory: introduction, different types of feminism: liberal, radical and socialist.
- 4) Post modernism: introduction, Michel Foucault: knowledge and power, forms of power in modern society and the role of human sciences; Zygmunt Bauman: post modern culture.

### References:

- 1) Ritzer George, 1996: sociological theory (4<sup>th</sup> edition) McGraw Hill.
- 2) Bottomore, Tom. 2002, The Frunkfurt School, London: Routledge.
- 3) Collins, Randall. 1994. Four Sociolological Traditions. New York.OUP.
- 4) Smart, Barry. 2002. Michel Foucault. London: Routledge.
- 5) Turner, Jonathan. 1994. The Structure of sociological theory. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.

## **Core 14**

#### **Dissertation Work.**

# **Discipline Specific Elective 01**

## **Urban Sociology**

- 1. Introducing Urban Sociology: Urban, Urbanism and the City-traditional and modern.
- 2. Theoritical Perspectives in Urban Sociology : Ecological; Political ; Network ; City as a Culture.
- 3. Rural -urban interaction and migration.
- 4. Urbanization Processes: Socio-Cultural; Political-Administrative; Economic; Geographical.
- 5. Impact of urbanization on family ,caste and status of women in India.
- 6. Problems of urbanization in India.

### References

Ram Ahuja. Society in India, Rawat.

Ram Ahuja. Indian Social System, Rawat.

Anthony Giddens. Sociology. 7th Edition. Polity.

R.Ramchandran. Urbanization and Urban Systems in India. Oxford.

## Or

### Rural Sociology in India

- 1. What is Rural, characteristic of rural society, determinants of rural social formation.
- 2. Key Concepts in Rural Sociology: Dominant caste, village unity, sanskritization, westernization, little and great tradition.
- 3. Themes in rural Sociology of India: Rural Class Structure; Markets, Land Reforms and Green Revolution and panchayati raj.
- 4. Some agrarian Movements Santhal, telengana and naxal bari.
- 5. Rural studies in India: colonial administraters, Sociologists and Social anthoropologist

### **References:**

S.L.Doshi. & P.C.Jain. Rural Sociology. Rawat Publication.

Ram Ahuja. Society in India, Rawat.

Ram Ahuja. Indian Social System, Rawat.

T.N.Madan. The Village in India. Oxford.

Dhanagare, D.N., Themes and perspectives in Indian Sociology, Rawat Publication.

# **Discipline Specific Elective-2**

**Project Work with Extension Outreach.** 

# **Discipline Specific Elective - 3**

### **Indian Sociological Traditions**

- 1. G.S.Ghurye: Caste and Race; City and Civilization.
- 2. Radhakamal Mukherjee: Personality, Society, Values; Social Ecology.

3. D.P.Mukherji: Tradition and Modernity; Middle Class.

4. Verrier Elwin: Tribes in India.

5. M.N.Srinivas: Social Change.

6. Irawati Karve: Gender and Kinship

## **References:**

Mukhopadhaya. Amal Kumar (ed). Bengali Intellectual Tradition.

Dhanagare. D.N. (1993). Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology. Rawat Publication.

Bela Dutta Gupta. 1972. Sociology in India.

Ramakrishna Mukherjee. 1979. Sociology of Indian Sociology. Bombay: Allied Publisherss.

B. K. Nagla. 2008. Indian Sociological Thought. Rawat Publication.

Swapan Kumar Pramanik. 1994. Sociology of G.S.Ghurye. Rawat Publication.

Ghurye. G.S 1969, Caste and Race in India. Popular Prokashon.

Ghurye, G.S. 1962, Cities and Civilization, Popular Prokashon

Mukherjee Radhakamal. 1950. The Social Structure of Values.

## <u>Or</u>

### **Social Statistics**

- 1. Meaning of Statistics, Uses and Abuses of statistics in Sociology.
- 2. Measurement and Scales; Frequency Distribution.
- 3. Graphical Representation: pie chart, Bar Diagram, Histogram, Polygon.
- 4. Measures of central tendency.
- 5. Measure of Dispersion: Standard Deviation.

#### Refs:

1. N.G. Das, Statistical Methods.

2. Ram Ahuja, Research Method.

# **Discipline Specific Elective - 4**

### **Social Issues in India**

- 1. Poverty: Concept & Magnitude: Causes & Consequences; Strategies for Alleviating Poverty.
- 2. Unemployment : Concept & Types ; Magnitude ; Causes & consequences.
- 3. Child and Women Abuse : Child ; Labour-Concept ; Causes & Consequences, Policy Measures.
- 4.Population Explosion : Concept ; Causes & Consequences ; Population Policy & Family Welfare in India.
- 5. Health Problems: AIDS, Drug Addiction, Alcoholism Concept, Causes & Social Effects.

### **References:**

Ram Ahuja. Social Problems in India, Rawat.

Ram Ahuja. Society in India, Rawat.

Ram Ahuja. Violence against Women. Rawat Publication.

Neera Burra. Born to Work.

Datt and Sundharam, Indian Economy, S.Chand and Company.

## <u>Or</u>

## **Environmental Sociology**

- 1. Envisioning Environmental Sociology: What is Environmental Sociology?; Realist-constructionist Debate.
- 2. The elements of Social ecology, Culture and environment, Ecological significant of caste, common property resources and the poor.
- 3. Environmental Movements in India: Forest based movement Chipko; Water based movement Narmada; Land based movement Anti-mining and Seed.
- 4. Environment and sustainable development.

### **References:**

Anthony Giddens. Sociology. 7th Edition. Polity.

R.Guha. Social Ecology. Oxford

Bell, MM. (2008). an Invention to Environmental Sociology. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage 3rrd ed.

Hannigan, J.A. (1995). Environmental Sociology. Routledge.

Robbins, P. (2011). Political Ecology: A Critical Introduction (Vol. 16). Wiley and Sons ltd.

Guha, R. Chipko: Social History of an environmental movement. In Ghanshyam Shah ed.(2002). Social Movements and the State. Sage Publication.

# **Generic Elective – 01**

## **Introducing Sociology**

- 1) Introducing Sociology: What is Sociology? Scope of Sociology, Sociology and other Sciences, Is Sociology science?
- 2) Society, institution and Structure: Social Institution; Social System; Association; Group and its form.

- Culture, Society and Environment: Definition and Component of Culture; Concept of Cultural Lag.
- 4) Socialization: Meaning, Types and Agencies.

#### **References:**

- 1) Anthony Giddens, 2013: Sociology (7<sup>th</sup> edition) Polity.
- 2) Macionis John, 2006: sociology, pearson.
- 3) Haralombos and Holborn, 2000, sociology themes and perspective, Collins.
- 4) Bilton tony and others, 1996, introductory sociology (3<sup>rd</sup>edn.), palgrave.

# **Generic Elective -2**

## **Indian Societies: Images and Realities**

- 1) India as a Plural Society: Religious, Linguistic and Cultural Diversity; Unity and Diversity, Great Tradition and Little Tradition; Reconciling Traditional and Modern Values.
- 2) Family, Kinship and Marriage in India: Forms of Family, Kinship and Marriage; Types and Features of Joint Family, Its Advantages and Disadvantages, Changes in Family, Kinship and Marriage Nature and Factors Responsible.
- Caste in India: Nature and Feature; Varna and Jati; Jajmani System: Relations, Changes in Jajmani System; Changing Nature of Caste, Scheduled Caste and Other Backward Classes.
- 4) Tribes in India: Social and Economic Features of Tribal Society, Tribe-Caste-Continuum; Major Social Units: Group of Tribes, Tribe, Sub-Tribe, Moiety, Phratry, Family; Problems of Indian Tribes; Changes in Tribal Life.

### References:

1) Kaviraj, s. 2010. The Imaginary Institution of India, Ranikhet: Permanent Black.

- 2) Haimendorf, C.V. F. 1967, 'The Position of Tribal Population in India, in P. Manson India and Ceylon: unity and diversity, New York: Oxford University Press.
- 3) Karve, I., 1994 'The kinship map of India', in P. Uberoi(ed.) Family, Kinship and Marriage in India. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 4) Srinivas M.N. and A.M Shah, 1968, 'Hinduism', In D.L. Sills (ed.) The International Encyclopedia of Social Sciences, vol.6, New York: Mcmillan.

# **Generic Elective -3**

## **Sociological Thought**

- 1) August Comte: Theory of Evolution and Progress the Law of Three Stages Hierarchy.
- Herbert Spencer: Science and Society Organic Analogy The Theory of Evolution Social Darwinism.
- Karl Marx: Dialectics and Methodology Dialectical Materialism Economic Infrastructure and Socio-Economic Superstructure – The Theory of class and Class Conflict.
- 4) Emile Durkheim: Social Fact –Social Solidarity Functionalism and Methodology Suicide Theory of Religion.
- Max Weber: Sociology: Study of Social Action The Ideal Type: Sociology of Religion
  Class, Status and Power Bureaucracy.

- 1) Ritzer George, 1996: sociological theory (4<sup>th</sup> edition) McGraw Hill.
- 2) Abraham, Francis and Morgan, John. 1985. Sociological Thought from Comte to Sorokin. Macmilan India Ltd.
- 3) Allan, Kenneth. 2013. The Social Lens: An Invention to Social and Sociological Theory (Part I: Modernity and the Sociological Response) Third Edition, Sage.

- 4) Aron, Raymond. 1986. Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. I. Penguin Books, Harmondsworth, Middlesex.
- 5) Bottomore, Tom and Goode, Patrick.1983. Readings in Marxist Sociology, Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- 6) Coser, Lewis A. 1977. Masters of Sociological Thought: Ideas in Social and Historical Context, Second Edition. New York. Harcourt Brace Jovanovitch.

# **Generic Elective -4**

### Research method in Sociology

- 1. Scientific research and characteristics, aims and types; steps in scientific research; theory and research.
- 2. Designing of research: selection of research topic, role of various sources, differences in designing of quantitative and qualitative research.
- 3. Sampling: types, advantages and dis advantages.
- 4. Techniques of data collection: Questionnaire, interview and observation, case study.
- 5. Data processing and report writing.

- 1.Barker, T.L. 1990. Doing Social Research. Mcgraw Hill.
- 2.Bryman, A. 2002. Social Research Methods. Oxford University press: New York.
- 3.Goode, G and P.K. Hatt. Methods in Social Research. Mcgraw Hill.
- 4.Ram Ahuja, Research Methods, Rawat pub.



# **Skill Enhancement Course:**

### **SEC -1**

### **Data Coding and Tabulation**

- 1. Importance of Data Processing, Stages of data processing and analysis.
- 2. Data coding: Procedure.
- 3. Using Tabulation Sheet
- 4. Construction of table, Bivariate table, Parts of a table.
- 5. Report writing or presentation of data.

## SEC - 2

Questionnaire / Interview Schedule Construction and data Collection.

- 1. Questionnaire and Interview Method: application; preparations before using these methods.
- 2. Types of questionnaire; steps of questionnaire Construction.
- 3. What is a Interview Schedule; difference between questionnaire and interview Schedule; format of the questionnaire and interview schedule; some practical concerns.
- 4. Types of interviews; preparing interview schedule.
- 5. Limitations of questionnaire and interview methods.

### Refs:

- 1.Barker, T.L. 1990. Doing Social Research. Mcgraw Hill.
- 2.Bryman, A. 2002. Social Research Methods. Oxford University press: New York.
- 3.Goode, G and P.K. Hatt. Methods in Social Research. Mcgraw Hill.
- 4.Ram Ahuja, Research Methods, Rawat pub